

# KCSE COMPUTER PROJECT GUIDELINE Ebook

## KCSE Computer Project Guideline

Completing a computer project for the Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) is an essential component of the computer studies syllabus. It provides students with an opportunity to demonstrate their practical skills, understanding of programming concepts, and ability to develop functional software solutions. Proper adherence to the KCSE computer project guideline is crucial for ensuring a successful project presentation, meeting examination standards, and ultimately achieving good grades. This article offers a comprehensive guide to navigating the KCSE computer project, covering planning, development, documentation, and presentation.

## Understanding the KCSE Computer Project

Before diving into the project process, students must understand what the KCSE computer project entails.

## Objectives of the KCSE Computer Project

- Apply theoretical computer science concepts in practical scenarios
- Develop problem-solving and programming skills
- Create a functional software application that addresses a specific problem
- Enhance documentation and presentation skills

## Project Components

The project typically comprises:

- Project Proposal and Planning
- System Analysis and Design
- Implementation and Coding
- Testing and Debugging
- Documentation and Report Writing
- Presentation and Demonstration

## Planning Your KCSE Computer Project

Effective planning is the foundation of a successful project. It involves selecting a suitable topic, defining objectives, and outlining the steps to be followed.

### Choosing a Suitable Project Topic

When selecting a project topic, consider:

- Relevance to daily life or school activities
- Your personal interests and skills
- The availability of resources and data
- Complexity level appropriate for your skill set

Examples of suitable projects include:

- Student management system
- Inventory management system
- Library management system
- Simple e-commerce website
- Attendance tracking system

### Creating a Project Proposal

A well-structured proposal should include:

- Title of the project
- Objectives and scope
- Problem statement
- Methodology and tools to be used
- Expected outcomes
- Timeline for completion

## System Analysis and Design

This phase involves understanding the problem thoroughly and designing a solution.

### Gathering Requirements

Identify user needs and system requirements through:

- Interviews
- Questionnaires
- Observation
- Existing system review

## **Designing the System**

Design involves creating models and diagrams, including:

- Flowcharts ? to depict process flow
- Data flow diagrams ? to illustrate data movement
- Entity-Relationship diagrams ? to define data relationships
- System architecture diagrams ? to outline system components

## **Creating a Data Dictionary**

A data dictionary defines:

- Data types
- Field sizes
- Validation rules

## **Implementation and Coding**

This phase involves translating the design into a working program.

## **Selecting Programming Languages and Tools**

Choose appropriate languages based on project complexity and your skill:

- Java
- Python
- Visual Basic
- PHP/HTML for web applications

Use integrated development environments (IDEs) such as:

- Visual Studio
- Eclipse
- PyCharm
- NetBeans

## Writing the Code

Follow best practices:

- Comment your code for clarity
- Use meaningful variable and function names
- Implement error handling and validation
- Test modules individually (unit testing)

## Testing and Debugging

Thorough testing ensures the system is reliable and meets requirements.

### Testing Strategies

- Unit Testing: Test individual components
- Integration Testing: Verify combined components
- System Testing: Test the entire system as a whole
- User Acceptance Testing: Gather feedback from potential users

### Debugging Tips

- Use debugging tools available in IDEs
- Review code systematically to identify errors
- Use test cases to identify issues
- Keep a log of bugs and fixes

## Documentation and Report Writing

Comprehensive documentation is vital for project evaluation.

## Components of the Project Report

- **Title Page:** Project title, student name, school, date
- **Table of Contents**
- **Introduction:** Background, objectives
- **System Analysis:** Requirements, analysis methods
- **System Design:** Diagrams, data dictionary
- **Implementation:** Code snippets, explanation
- **Testing and Evaluation:** Test results, issues encountered
- **Conclusion and Recommendations**
- **References:** Sources used
- **Appendices:** Additional data, code listings

## Writing Tips

- Use clear, concise language
- Include diagrams and screenshots
- Reference your code where applicable
- Proofread for grammatical accuracy

## Presentation and Demonstration

The final step involves presenting your project to examiners.

## Preparing for the Presentation

- Create a PowerPoint presentation summarizing key points
- Practice your speech and demonstration
- Prepare to answer questions related to your project

## Demonstrating Your System

- Show the working application
- Explain the features and functionalities
- Highlight how the system solves the identified problem

## Additional Tips for Success in the KCSE Computer Project

- Start early to allow ample time for each phase
- Follow the project timeline strictly
- Keep backups of your work regularly
- Seek guidance from teachers and peers
- Use available resources such as textbooks, online tutorials, and sample projects

## Conclusion

Successfully completing the KCSE computer project requires careful planning, systematic analysis, meticulous implementation, and thorough documentation. Adhering to the KCSE computer project guideline not only ensures compliance with examination standards but also enhances your practical skills in software development. Remember, a well-organized project presentation can significantly influence your final grade. Dedicate sufficient time, effort, and attention to detail, and your project can stand out as a testament to your understanding and proficiency in computer science.

By following this comprehensive guideline, KCSE candidates can navigate the project process confidently, produce quality work, and achieve excellent results in their computer studies exam.

### **KCSE Computer Project Guidelines: A Comprehensive Approach to Success**

Embarking on the Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) computer project is an integral component of the computer studies syllabus. It represents both an academic challenge and an opportunity for students to demonstrate their understanding, creativity, and technical skills in real-world applications. As such, adhering to the established project guidelines is crucial for achieving top grades and gaining valuable practical experience. This article provides an in-depth analysis of the KCSE computer project guidelines, offering students, teachers, and examiners a thorough understanding of expectations, procedures, and best practices.

## Understanding the Purpose of the KCSE Computer Project

### **The Significance of the Project in the Curriculum**

The KCSE computer project aims to bridge theoretical knowledge with practical skills. It encourages students to apply concepts learned in class to solve real-life problems, fostering critical thinking, problem-solving, and technical proficiency. The project also assesses students' ability to plan, develop, and present a comprehensive computer-based solution.

### **Skills Developed Through the Project**

- Research and Data Collection: Students learn to gather relevant data systematically.

- Software Development: Designing, coding, and testing computer programs.
- Documentation and Reporting: Preparing detailed reports that explain project objectives, methodologies, and outcomes.
- Presentation Skills: Communicating technical details effectively to different audiences.

## **Project Guidelines: An Overview**

### **Adherence to the Syllabus and Examination Regulations**

The project must align with the KCSE computer studies syllabus, covering topics such as programming, database management, networking, or systems analysis. It should also conform to examination rules regarding originality, scope, and submission procedures.

### **Project Selection and Planning**

Choosing an appropriate project topic is foundational. It should be:

- Relevant and practical
- Within the student's skill level
- Capable of demonstrating core competencies
- Innovative or solving a real-world problem

Planning involves defining objectives, scope, resources, timelines, and methodologies.

### **Documentation and Record-Keeping**

Maintaining detailed records throughout the project lifecycle is mandatory. This includes:

- Project proposal
- Data collection methods
- Design diagrams (flowcharts, ER diagrams)
- Source code or software modules
- Testing and evaluation reports
- Final report and presentation slides

Proper documentation ensures transparency, facilitates assessment, and aids in project management.

## **Key Sections of the KCSE Computer Project**

## 1. Project Proposal

The initial document outlines the project idea, objectives, scope, expected outcomes, and necessary resources. It serves as a roadmap and must be approved by the supervisor before commencement.

## 2. Data Collection and Analysis

Students gather relevant data through surveys, interviews, or research. Accurate data collection is essential for developing functional solutions that meet user needs.

## 3. System Design and Development

This phase involves:

- Creating flowcharts, diagrams, and prototypes
- Developing algorithms
- Coding software or configuring hardware systems
- Ensuring user interface design is intuitive and accessible

## 4. Testing and Evaluation

Rigorous testing ensures the system functions correctly and meets project objectives. Common testing methods include:

- Unit testing
- Integration testing
- User acceptance testing

Feedback is used to refine the system.

## 5. Documentation and Reporting

A comprehensive report details every aspect of the project:

- Introduction and background
- Objectives
- Methodology
- System design

- Implementation process
- Testing results
- Challenges faced and solutions
- Conclusions and recommendations

## 6. Presentation

The final presentation summarizes the project's purpose, process, and outcomes. Visual aids like slides, charts, and live demonstrations enhance understanding.

## Assessment Criteria and Grading

### Core Evaluation Areas

The project is typically assessed based on:

- Relevance and originality of the idea
- Planning and organization
- Application of technical skills
- Quality of documentation
- System functionality and robustness
- Creativity and innovation
- Oral presentation and defense

### Weighting and Expectations

Examiners look for clarity, coherence, technical accuracy, and evidence of independent work. High-quality projects demonstrate thorough research, problem-solving skills, and effective communication.

## Best Practices for Successful KCSE Computer Projects

### 1. Early Planning and Time Management

Starting early allows ample time for research, development, testing, and revisions. Creating a timetable helps in tracking progress and avoiding last-minute rushes.

### 2. Clear Objectives and Scope

Define what the project aims to achieve and avoid scope creep. This ensures focus and

manageable workloads.

### **3. Effective Supervision and Consultation**

Regular interactions with teachers or mentors provide guidance, feedback, and technical support.

### **4. Emphasis on Creativity and Innovation**

Encourage unique solutions or creative approaches to stand out and demonstrate higher-order thinking.

### **5. Comprehensive Testing**

Thorough testing ensures the system is reliable, user-friendly, and free of bugs or errors.

### **6. Accurate and Detailed Documentation**

Well-organized records support assessment and future reference.

### **7. Ethical Considerations**

Ensure originality, avoid plagiarism, and respect user privacy and data security.

## **Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them**

### **Time Constraints**

Students often underestimate the time needed. Solution: develop a detailed schedule and stick to it.

### **Technical Difficulties**

Limited access to resources or technical skills can hinder progress. Solution: seek assistance early, utilize online tutorials, and collaborate with peers.

### **Documentation Issues**

Poor records can affect marks. Solution: maintain daily logs and update documentation regularly.

### **Project Scope Creep**

Adding too many features can overwhelm the project. Solution: stick to initial objectives and avoid

unnecessary additions.

## Conclusion: Ensuring Excellence in KCSE Computer Projects

The KCSE computer project is more than an academic requirement; it is a platform for students to showcase their technical prowess, creativity, and problem-solving abilities. Strict adherence to the guidelines ensures that projects are well-organized, relevant, and of high quality. Success hinges on early planning, continuous consultation, diligent documentation, and thorough testing. By embracing these principles, students can produce compelling projects that not only contribute to their grades but also lay a strong foundation for future careers in technology.

In summary, mastering the KCSE computer project guidelines requires understanding the expectations, developing meticulous plans, leveraging technical skills, and demonstrating innovation. With dedication and systematic effort, students can navigate the complexities of the project and emerge with impressive results, positioning themselves favorably for their future academic and professional endeavors.

**QuestionAnswer** What are the main components of the KCSE Computer Project guideline? The main components include project proposal, project report, implementation plan, system analysis and design, programming code, testing and evaluation, and documentation. How should I choose a suitable project topic for KCSE computer project? Select a topic that aligns with your interests, is feasible within the given timeframe, and addresses real-world problems or needs relevant to your curriculum. What are the key steps in the KCSE computer project development process? The key steps include planning, analysis, design, implementation, testing, documentation, and presentation. How long should the KCSE computer project report be? Typically, the report should be between 20 to 30 pages, including all sections such as introduction, methodology, results, and conclusion, following the specific guidelines provided by the exam board. What are common mistakes to avoid in KCSE computer projects? Common mistakes include poor planning, lack of proper documentation, copying code without understanding, ignoring project guidelines, and insufficient testing. How can I ensure my KCSE computer project meets the evaluation criteria? Ensure thorough planning, clear documentation, correct implementation, proper testing, and a well-organized presentation to meet the evaluation standards. Are there specific programming languages recommended for KCSE computer projects? While no specific language is mandated, popular choices include Java, Python, Visual Basic, or C++, depending on your project requirements and the guidelines provided. Where can I find official KCSE computer project guidelines? Official guidelines can be obtained from the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) website or your school's exam coordinator, which provide detailed instructions and marking schemes.

**Related keywords:** KCSE computer project, project guidelines, computer project tips, KCSE ICT project, project report writing, project presentation, project ideas, ICT project topics, project documentation, KCSE exam preparation

## **kcse result slips 2013**

**KCSE result slips 2013** marked a significant milestone in Kenya's education sector, representing the culmination of students' hard work and the beginning of their academic or career pursuits. This article provides an in-depth overview of the 2013 KCSE result slips, covering their importance, how to access them, key features, and tips for interpreting the results effectively.

### **Understanding the Significance of KCSE Result Slips 2013**

#### **What Are KCSE Result Slips?**

KCSE result slips are official documents issued to students who sat for the Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) examinations. These slips serve as provisional certificates that detail a student's performance in each subject, overall grades, and other pertinent information. They are crucial for students when applying for tertiary education, scholarships, or jobs.

#### **The Importance of the 2013 Result Slips**

The 2013 KCSE result slips carry particular significance because:

- They represent the academic achievements of thousands of students across Kenya for that year.
- They are often used as proof of performance when seeking admission to universities and colleges.
- They help students and guardians understand strengths and weaknesses in specific subjects.
- They are essential for scholarship applications, employment, and other official processes.

Understanding the details on the 2013 result slips is vital for students and stakeholders to make informed decisions.

### **How to Access the KCSE Result Slips 2013**

#### **Official Sources for Result Slip Retrieval**

In 2013, the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) was responsible for releasing and distributing the KCSE result slips. Students could access their result slips through the following channels:

- **School Administration:** Most students received their result slips directly from their respective schools immediately after the results were officially released.
- **Direct from KNEC:** For those who needed official copies or lost their slips, visiting the KNEC offices or authorized centers was an option.
- **Online Access:** While online platforms were not as widespread in 2013, some schools and institutions began adopting online result checking systems.

## Procedure for Obtaining the Result Slip

If you were a student or guardian seeking the 2013 result slip, here are the typical steps:

- Visit the school where the student sat for the exams.
- Request the official result slip from the school administration.
- If unavailable at the school, visit the nearest KNEC regional or county offices with valid identification and exam details.
- Some institutions also offered result slip verification services for a fee.

## Features and Contents of the KCSE Result Slips 2013

### Key Details on the Result Slip

The 2013 KCSE result slips contained a variety of information vital for assessment and verification purposes, including:

- **Candidate's Personal Information:** Name, index number, school name, and examination year.
- **Subject Grades:** Detailed scores for each subject taken, often expressed in letter grades and points.
- **Overall Grade and Mean Score:** The aggregate performance indicator, such as KCSE Grade (e.g., A, B+, C-).
- **Performance Band:** Classification of performance, such as Distinction, Credit, Pass, or Fail.
- **Remarks or Special Notes:** Any relevant comments or notes about the candidate's performance.
- **Authorization and Official Stamp:** To authenticate the document as an official record.

## Understanding the Grading System in 2013

The grading system used in 2013 was consistent with the standards set by KNEC, typically including:

- A (Grade 12): Excellent, with a mean score of 12 points or above.
- B+ (Grade 10-11): Very Good performance.
- B (Grade 8-9): Good performance.
- C+ (Grade 6-7): Credit level.
- C (Grade 4-5): Satisfactory performance.
- D+ (Grade 2-3): Pass level.
- D (Grade 1): Barely passing.
- Fail: Below D or no grade assigned.

It's important to interpret these grades in the context of university entry requirements or employment eligibility.

## Interpreting the 2013 KCSE Result Slips

### Assessing Academic Performance

To evaluate a student's performance based on their 2013 result slip:

- Identify the overall grade or mean score to determine general performance.
- Review individual subject grades to identify strengths and weaknesses.
- Compare the grades with university or college entry requirements if applicable.
- Note any remarks or special notes that might influence further education or career prospects.

### Common Challenges and How to Address Them

Some students faced issues with their result slips, such as discrepancies in grades or missing information. In such cases:

- Contact the school or KNEC offices promptly for clarification.
- Request official verification or a reprint of the result slip if necessary.
- Ensure personal details are correctly recorded to avoid future complications.

## Legal and Official Use of KCSE Result Slips 2013

### Using the Result Slip for University Admission

Most Kenyan universities required students to present their official result slips during admission as proof of their KCSE performance. The result slip was a mandatory document for:

- Application forms submission.
- Verification during interviews or placement exercises.
- Scholarship applications and sponsorship verification.

## Employment and Other Official Purposes

Some employers and government agencies accepted the 2013 KCSE result slip as part of their recruitment or verification process, particularly for entry-level positions or internships.

## Recent Developments and Legacy of the 2013 KCSE Results

### Impact on Students and Educational Policies

The 2013 KCSE results were notable for their role in shaping subsequent policies on secondary education assessment, including:

- Introduction of improved grading systems.
- Enhanced focus on subject-specific performance.
- Increased emphasis on transparency and verification procedures.

### Legacy and Significance

Students who sat for the 2013 exams often recall their result slips as a pivotal document that opened doors to higher education and career opportunities. The procedures for obtaining and interpreting these slips laid groundwork for current practices in result management.

## Conclusion

The **KCSE result slips 2013** remain an essential document for Kenyan students who completed secondary education that year. They encapsulate academic achievements and serve as official proof of performance. Whether accessed through schools, KNEC offices, or verified online platforms, understanding how to interpret and utilize these slips is crucial for students aiming to progress in higher education or employment. As Kenya's education system continues to evolve, the legacy of the 2013 results and their documentation processes continue to influence current assessment and verification standards.

If you need further assistance on how to retrieve or interpret your 2013 KCSE result slip, contacting the Kenya National Examinations Council or your school administration is highly recommended. Proper handling and understanding of this vital document can significantly impact your academic and professional journey.

## KCSE Result Slips 2013: A Comprehensive Guide and Analysis

The KCSE result slips 2013 marked a significant milestone in Kenya's education calendar, serving as the primary document that encapsulates a student's academic performance for that examination year. As the official record of results, result slips are highly sought after by students, parents, teachers, and institutions alike. Understanding their significance, how to interpret them, and what they entail can be crucial – whether for further education, employment opportunities, or personal records. In this detailed guide, we delve into everything you need to know about the KCSE result slips 2013, including how to obtain them, their features, and their importance.

### What Are KCSE Result Slips?

The Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) result slip is an official document issued by the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) after the release of KCSE results. It summarizes a student's performance in all subjects, providing grades, marks, and overall performance indicators. The 2013 result slip is specific to the cohort of students who sat for the examinations in that year.

Key features of a KCSE result slip include:

- Candidate's personal details (name, index number, school)
- Subject-wise grades and marks
- Overall grade (e.g., C+, B-, etc.)
- Mean grade
- Performance classification (e.g., Credit, Pass, Fail)
- Remarks and school endorsement

### The Significance of the KCSE Result Slips 2013

The result slip is a critical document for various reasons:

- **Credential Verification:** It serves as proof of academic achievement during the 2013 examination cycle.
- **Further Education:** Used to apply for university or college courses, especially when official transcripts are not yet available.
- **Employment Purposes:** Employers often request a result slip to verify academic credentials.
- **Personal Records:** Students keep result slips as a record of their academic history.
- **Admissions and Scholarships:** Many institutions and scholarship bodies require the result slip

during application processes.

### How to Obtain the KCSE Result Slips 2013

If you sat for the KCSE in 2013 and need your result slip, here are the typical avenues to acquire it:

- From Your School

Most students receive their result slips directly from their respective secondary schools. The school administration typically collects the slips from KNEC and distributes them to students.

- KNEC Regional Offices

In cases where the result slip is misplaced or not received, students can visit the nearest KNEC regional or district offices with valid identification to request a duplicate or official copy.

- Online Access (if applicable)

While official KNEC procedures primarily involve physical retrieval, some years have seen the introduction of online result slips. For 2013, this service was limited; however, students and institutions could inquire about digital copies through official channels.

- Requesting a Reprint or Verification

If you need an official, certified copy of your 2013 result slip, you may need to follow KNEC's formal request procedures, which often involve filling out application forms, paying fees, and providing identification.

### Interpreting the 2013 KCSE Result Slip

Understanding the contents of your 2013 result slip is essential for assessing your academic performance:

- Candidate Details

- Name: Full name as registered during the exam
- Index Number: Unique candidate identification number
- School Name: Institution where the student sat the exam
- Center Number: Examination center code

- Subject Grades and Marks

Each subject listed will display:

- Subject Name
- Raw Marks: Score obtained in the subject
- Grade: Letter grade assigned based on performance (e.g., A, B+, C-)
- Points: Numeric points associated with the grade (used in calculating mean grade)

- Overall Performance Indicators

- Mean Grade: Average grade across all subjects
- Performance Classification: Category such as "Division I," "Division II," etc., indicating overall performance
- Remarks: Additional notes, such as "Candidate qualified for university" or "Requires improvement"

The 2013 KCSE Grading System

In 2013, the grading system for KCSE was structured as follows:

| Grade | Points | Description           | Performance Level |
|-------|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| ----- | -----  | -----                 | -----             |
| A     | 12-11  | Excellent performance | Top grades        |
| A-    | 10     | Very good             | High achievement  |
| B+    | 9      | Good                  | Above average     |
| B     | 8      | Above average         | Good performance  |

| B- | 7 | Satisfactory | Satisfactory |

| C+ | 6 | Fair | Average |

| C | 5 | Pass | Satisfactory pass |

| C- | 4 | Basic pass | Basic pass |

| D+ | 3 | Below average | Below standard |

| D | 2 | Poor | Needs improvement |

| D- | 1 | Very poor | Fail |

| E | 0 | Fail | Fail |

Note: The exact grading bands may vary slightly, but this provides a general overview.

### Common Challenges and Misconceptions About the Result Slips

- Misplacing the Result Slip: Since the result slip is an important document, losing it can be problematic. Always keep it in a safe place.
- Misinterpretation of Grades: Some students may misread grades or not understand the grading system. Consulting official KNEC guides can help.
- Validity for Future Use: The result slip from 2013 remains valid as proof of performance, but for official purposes like university admissions, official transcripts are typically required.

### The Role of Result Slips in 2013 and Beyond

While the result slip was the primary document for academic verification in 2013, the process has evolved:

- Transition to Digital Records: KNEC has moved toward digital record-keeping, allowing easier access and verification.
- Introduction of Original Certificates: Students are now issued certificates after a certain period, which serve as more formal proof.
- Online Result Checking: Though limited in 2013, online result checking systems have since become more prevalent.

## Tips for Students and Parents Regarding KCSE Result Slips

- **Secure Your Result Slip:** Always keep a photocopy or digital scan for backup.
- **Verify Details Carefully:** Check your personal details, subject grades, and overall performance.
- **Use for Applications:** Attach the result slip when applying for jobs, colleges, or scholarships.
- **Request Official Copies When Needed:** For formal purposes, always ensure you have an official, certified copy from KNEC.

## Conclusion

The KCSE result slips 2013 serve as a vital document in the academic and professional journey of Kenyan students. They encapsulate years of effort and serve as proof of achievement for various life pursuits. Whether you're a student seeking to further your education, a parent verifying your child's performance, or an institution conducting verifications, understanding how to access, interpret, and utilize these slips is crucial. As Kenya continues to modernize its examination and record-keeping processes, the importance of official documentation like the KCSE result slip remains undiminished – a testament to the value of academic integrity and achievement.

**Remember:** Always safeguard your KCSE result slip and ensure all details are correct. If in doubt, consult official KNEC channels for assistance with your 2013 result slip or any related queries.

**QuestionAnswer** How can students access their KCSE result slips for 2013 online? Students can access their 2013 KCSE result slips online through the official Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC) website by entering their registration details and examination number. Are the 2013 KCSE result slips still available for retrieval? Yes, the 2013 KCSE result slips are still available for retrieval through the KNEC official portal or authorized centers that handle examination documents. What details are required to obtain the 2013 KCSE result slip? To obtain the 2013 KCSE result slip, students typically need their examination number, full names, and sometimes their registration number or index number. Can I get a physical copy of my 2013 KCSE result slip now? Yes, students can request physical copies of their 2013 KCSE result slips from the Kenya National Examinations Council or their former schools, provided they have the necessary identification. Why is my 2013 KCSE result slip not accessible online? If your 2013 KCSE result slip is not accessible online, it may be due to technical issues, incorrect details entered, or the document not being digitized for online retrieval. Visiting KNEC offices or authorized centers is recommended. Is the 2013 KCSE result slip necessary for university admission or job applications? Yes, the 2013 KCSE result slip serves as an official record of your examination results and may be required for university admission, job applications, or other official verification processes.

**Related keywords:** KCSE result slips 2013, Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education 2013, KCSE exam results 2013, KCSE result slip download 2013, KCSE 2013 results release, KCSE 2013

grading system, KCSE 2013 examination results, KCSE results slip online 2013, KCSE 2013 certificate verification, KCSE result slip printing 2013

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